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CATALOGUE

BONHAM NURSERIES

BONHAM, TEXAS,
(THIRTY-FOURTH YEAR.
B. L. ADAMS, Proprietor.
Now of Portales, N. Mex.)
INTRODUCTION.

TO OUR PATRONS:—

We take great pleasure in presenting to you a new edition of our catalogue of Nursery Stock suitable for the South, Texas and the Indian Territory particularly. We desire to return our thanks to all our customers for their liberal patronage. Our business has been so much greater the past season than ever before that we feel that our earnest efforts to grow stock right, handle it right and sell it right, have not been in vain. This Nursery was established in 1869 by my father, and we were born in it, so to speak, and know how it should be done. With our large collection of varieties, wide experience and reduced prices, we hope to merit an ever-increasing patronage.

We propagate principally such fruits as have been fully tested and proven best adapted to the South, and new varieties sparingly until a thorough test is made, when, if worthy, we say so, and if unworthy, we drop them.

TERMS, CONDITIONS, Etc.

SHIPPING SEASON. This usually begins about November 1st.

SELECTION OF VARIETIES. We recommend that persons having no experience with fruits leave the selection of varieties principally to us, as our experience gives superior advantages in making selections of fruits that succeed best in the South.

SUBSTITUTION. We do not substitute except when we have sold out of the sort and grade wanted, and if we have nothing else as good of the same season we omit rather than put in an inferior sort. WE NEVER SUBSTITUTE ON COMMERCIAL ORDERS except by permission.

SHIPPING. We guarantee safe arrival in good condition of all stock sent by express. Give special directions for shipping. If no directions are given we use our best judgment.

EVERYTHING GUARANTEED true to name, but while we use every precaution possible, it must be distinctly understood that we assume no responsibility above the value of the stock sold. If any stock should prove not true to name, we hold ourselves ready to refund the purchase price, or furnish free other stock that is true to name.

EXPRESS PREPAID by me on all orders amounting to $5.00 or more where cash is sent with order. This applies to Texas, Territory and Oklahoma points; also to Louisiana.

TERMS CASH or satisfactory references. Will ship C. O. D. if one-fourth cash is sent before shipment.

ORDER AT ONCE to insure getting exactly what you want.

PRICES. I do not grow "cheap-John stuff," and do not bid against those who do. My prices are as low as I can make them considering the great care and expense employed in growing stock right, cultivating and pruning right and packing and shipping right. My trees are worth a great deal more than you have to pay for them.

AGENTS. I employ agents and try always to get the very best and most reliable, and I commend them to you. Some agents may impose on me, and also on you, hence I say this: I will not be responsible for their debts, nor for their special contracts nor for any verbal agreement.

Respectfully,

B. L. ADAMS,
Bonham, Texas.
SUGGESTIONS TO PLANTERS.

For an orchard, a dry, sandy loam is best, sufficiently rolling to drain, otherwise it should be drained artificially, and put in a good state of cultivation, prepared suitable for a crop of corn. Lay off your rows as far apart as you wish the trees and cross it like planting corn in hills, and plow out deep enough to take in the roots without cramping. Procure young trees from some reliable nursery, and after pruning off all broken or bruised roots, by a clean cut with a sharp knife from the under side, and pruning the top of the trees to two feet or less, set in the ground so that when the earth is well settled around them they will be but little deeper than they grew in the nursery. If these directions are complied with, and after-cultivation well attended to, success will be almost certain. If for the first three years one-half of each year's growth is pruned off and all straggling limbs and water sprouts taken off, and the trees protected from rabbits and borers, not one in a hundred will fail to have fruit in abundance. A borer commences its depredations about the middle of May and continues through June and until it is destroyed, or it destroys the tree. The peach trees are generally damaged at the surface. Protect trees from rabbits with cloth, paper or cornstalks tied on about November first, or with a coal tar and gasoline wash.

Note: Don't buy trees just because they are cheap. Poor trees are dear at any price.

DISTANCE TO PLANT.

Apple trees, 20 to 30 feet apart each way.
Peach trees, 20 to 30 " " "
Pears and Cherries, 16 to 20 " " "
Plums, 16 to 20 " " "
Dwarf Pears, 10 to 16 " " "
Grapes, 8 feet in rows 8 feet apart.
Black and Raspberries, 3 to 4 in rows 8 feet apart.

The following table will be found of interest to those planting an orchard:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Distance Apart Each Way</th>
<th>Number of Trees</th>
<th>Number of Acres</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3 feet by 8 feet</td>
<td>1360</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 feet by 8 feet</td>
<td>909</td>
<td>1.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 feet by 8 feet</td>
<td>680</td>
<td>1.81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 feet by 8 feet</td>
<td>435</td>
<td>2.18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 feet by 8 feet</td>
<td>302</td>
<td>2.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 feet by 8 feet</td>
<td>222</td>
<td>3.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14 feet by 8 feet</td>
<td>170</td>
<td>3.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16 feet by 8 feet</td>
<td>134</td>
<td>3.68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18 feet by 8 feet</td>
<td>108</td>
<td>3.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 feet by 8 feet</td>
<td>81</td>
<td>3.81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24 feet by 8 feet</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>3.90</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

"If you don't cultivate your trees well the first year, don't blame the Nurseryman if they die."
APPLES.

The apple is our most profitable fruit for Northern Texas, and will no doubt prove of very great value in the Peach Belt of East Texas. In fact many varieties have proven very successful there, and should be more extensively planted in that section. There are very few places where apples cannot be grown for home use, and where they are an assured success there is no doubt that they will pay as well as peaches, and even more so if the time comes when there is an over-production of that delicious fruit. I have them ripening from the last of May until November. Several winter varieties may be kept till the following May.

Some valuable apples North are worthless here. You cannot be too cautious in the selection of varieties; consult your neighbor and a reliable nurseryman or fruit grower, and you will not find after several years that you have a lot of worthless trees palmed off on you by some unscrupulous dealer, and you without recourse.

We submit the following list of varieties, with a short description of each:

IN ORDER OF RIPENING.

JUNE.

RED ASTRACHAN. Above medium. showy, ripens early in June.

EARLY HARVEST. Large, bright yellow, tender, well flavored.

EARLY CLUSTER. Small, red striped on pale yellow ground; bears in large clusters, beginning at two or three years old—very prolific—ripens June 15th to July 1st.

RED JUNE. Medium, conical, deep red; ripens June 15th to July 10th; prolific.

YELLOW TRANSPARENT. Above medium, whitish yellow; very upright grower, good bearer, tree weak, a very showy apple.

JULY.

SOPS OF WINE. Medium, dark red, flesh white, sub-acid, good flavor, ripens July 1st to 10th.

COLE'S QUINCE. Large, roundish ovate, with ridges, pale yellow flesh yellow, tender and juicy; a great and regular bearer, good for market and cooking either ripe or green.

GRAVENSTEIN. Medium to large, yellow flesh and skin, beautifully striped with red; a most excellent apple.

STRIPED JULY. (Local.) Above medium, striped with red, sub-acid, excellent, sure and early bearer; ripens July 10th.

AMERICAN SUMMER PEARMAIN. Medium to large, oblong, covered with red stripes; best of its season: fruit good when unripe.

NUNN. A very large, oblong, dark red apple, of good quality. None better in size and color. Discovered in Fannin county, Texas, and introduced by me. Those who have seen it class it at the top. Ripens July and August. 2-year old trees 50c. each.

SEEK NO FURTHER. Large, flesh and skin yellow, usually striped with red; best quality; prolific; ripens July 15th.

SUMMER QUEEN. Large, conical, red striped, showy, productive.

BENONI. Tree vigorous, upright, spreading; fruit large, round, nearly covered with dark red, juicy and tender; July 25th.
AUGUST.

SAN JACINTO. Upright and annual bearer, large to very large, orange red. A magnificent apple of the best quality. Should be in every orchard. Ripens August and September. 50c. each for select 2-year trees.

YELLOW HORSE. Large, greenish yellow, fine for cooking and drying.

CARTER’S BLUE. Large, dull red, blue bloom, crisp sugary, fruit excellent; tree vigorous.

JONATHAN. Above medium, beautiful red: fine for market; tree slender and productive.

BLEDSOE. Fine Texas seedling. One of the most vigorous, productive and profitable apples of this section. Fruit is large; greenish striped; handsome; a table and market apple.

SEPTEMBER.

BUCKINGHAM. Very large, yellow, with red cheek, sub-acid: market.

FALL STRIPE. (Local.) Medium, bright red, striped, vigorous and productive; market.

SMOKEHOUSE. Large, roundish, yellow with crimson stripes, rich and juicy; all purposes.

OCTOBER AND LATER.

WINE SAP. Medium, beautiful, dark red, excellent: profuse bearer; very popular on light sandy soil.

BEN DAVIS. Large, nearly covered with crimson, tree vigorous and profuse bearer; one of the best for market.

WALLACE HOWARD. Vigorous.

Large to very large. Red, with crimson stripes. Everybody stops to look at the fruit. October. 50c. each.

ROME BEAUTY. Large, almost covered with bright red on pale yellow ground; flesh tender, juicy, quality good, fine for market.

MCAFEE. Regular and abundant bearer. Large, striped. Valuable for table and cooking. Splendid fall apple. 50c. each. First prize Denison Fair.

GANO. (New.) Large, deep red, flesh pale yellow, fine grained, tender, pleasant, sub-acid; good keeper, tree vigorous, and a regular and abundant bearer. Valuable for market.

KINNARD’S CHOICE. Medium, almost covered with dark, rich red; flesh yellow; profuse bearer.

MAMMOTH BLACKTWIG. Fruit resembles Wine Sap: is much larger and keeps well; tree vigorous and productive.

LOY. Vigorous; prolific; large; red; a good keeper.

YORK IMPERIAL, OR JOHN-SON’S FINE WINTER. Medium, whitish, shaded crimson; flesh yellow, crisp, juicy, sub-acid: very good. October to January.

SHOCKLEY. Medium, conical, yellow with bright crimson cheek; flesh firm; vigorous, prolific; one of the best: keeps through winter.

YATES. Small, dark red, dotted with white; flesh yellow, firm and very juicy; a good bearer and long keeper: a cider crab.

CRABS

Should have a place in every fruit garden, as they are very ornamental, and valuable for preserving, and bear abundantly. We cultivate only a few varieties—the best.
THE BONHAM NURSERIES.

YELLOW SIBERIAN. Small to medium; profuse bearer, one of the best for preserving.

HYSSOP. Large, bright red; flesh yellow; cooking and cider.

WHITNEY No. 20. Large; valuable for cider, jellies, etc.

FLORENCE. Valuable; bears young; jelly and preserves.

TRANSCENDENT. Large, golden yellow; striped; good for jellies and preserves.

PEARS.

The pear is one of the most desirable of all fruits, but the most unreliable, because of blight, which is practically the only disease that affects the pear in North Texas. I cultivate but few varieties—that succeed best in this locality.

ALAMO. A Grayson county seedling, introduced by Mr. Kerr. It has the general appearance of Bartlett, but said to be of smoother shape, better quality and much better bearer. Ripes quickly and thoroughly on or off the tree. Price $1 for 2-year trees.

KOONCE. It is exceedingly early; an excellent shipper; heavy and productive, and an annual bearer; does not rot at core.

DUCHESS. A magnificent pear, often weighing over a pound; greenish yellow, with russett splashes: ripes from core out. Very popular. August.

CLAPP’S FAVORITE. Large, rich and juicy; generally free from blight.

I grow other varieties: Leconte, Bartlett and Early Harvest.

GARBERT’S HYBRID. Resembles the Keiffer in size, appearance and quality; tree very vigorous; ripes September 1st. Home and market.

KEIFFER. Chinese Origin—the hardiest and most productive pear we cultivate; bears very young. “Blight proof,” with us; ripes middle to last of September; keeps well.

LINCOLN CORELESS. The original tree stands in Lincoln county, Tennessee, is now more than sixty years old, has regularly borne large crops of fine fruit and has never shown signs of blight. Many specimens are said to be entirely free from either core or seed; ripes in October. Fruit should be gathered and housed until it becomes mellow—as winter apples: $1.00 each for select 2-year trees.

QUINCE.

CHAMPION. Large, handsome; later than the Orange; trees bear young.

ORANGE OR APPLE. Golden yellow, large, roundish, very productive. Ripe in early autumn.

“Don’t send to Arkansas or Missouri for trees, when you can get Texas raised trees.”
PEACHES.

The Peach does well in almost any soil, but succeeds best on land sufficiently rolling to drain, put in good state of cultivation and prepared for corn crop. No definite date can be given as to time of ripening, as soil, location and season influence the ripening to a great extent. They generally ripen about in the order they appear in this list.

After many years of incessant labor and expense in getting up the best collection of peaches ripening from May to November, we present the following list and feel safe in recommending it to the public as equal to any:

**EARLY VICTOR.** Said to be the earliest peach in the world, ripening five days ahead of Sneed, which it resembles, but is more prolific.

**SNEED.** White, with blush: semicling. It is better than, and ripens five to ten days before, Alexander. Of fine size and appearance. Tree crooked.


**ADMARIAL DEWEY.** It is a perfect freestone: ripens with the Triumph: flesh is yellow, of uniform color and texture with the pit. Hardy and productive.

**TRIUMPH.** Ripens just after Alexander, and is a large yellow freestone, skin nearly covered with red: an extra early yellow peach. It is a beauty.

**JAPAN DWARF BLOOD.** Bright color, healthy, fine shaped trees. Ripens with Alexander. Blood red.

**GREENSBORO.** Said to be the largest and most beautiful of all early peaches. Freestone, juicy. Ripens about with Alexander, which makes it of great value.

**MAMIE ROSS.** The finest early cling. Ripens with or just after Early Rivers. A seedling of Chinese Cling, which it very much resembles. Fruit almost as large as that of Chinese Cling. White, nearly covered with delicate carmine: flesh white, juicy and of good quality: a regular and very prolific bearer. June 15th.

**GOVERNOR HOGG.** Larger than Mamie Ross, of better quality, not so productive. A splendid peach. Origin, East Texas.

**ROGERS.** Similar to Mamie Ross, better quality, very productive. An all round good peach.

**PEARSON.** A splendid new peach of the Mamie Ross type; a very abundant bearer.

**CARMAN.** Origin, Limestone county. Ripens with Mamie Ross: same size: has a yellowish tinged flesh: fine quality: productive.

**EVERBEARING PEACH.** Introduced by P. J. Berckmans Co., Augusta, Ga. Recommended as being truly an everbearing, ripening fruit from July 1 to September 1. The introducer says it is almost impossible for frost to kill all the blooms: that the first ripening averages 3½ inches long by 3 inches broad, the last ripening being about 2 inches in diameter. Recommended by introducer especially for family use. Quality very good to best. Freestone of the Indian type. I have not yet fruited this variety, but offer them for sale as a novelty, believing that the size of the fruit in Texas will rate medium to small, and so will disappoint those who expect large fruit. Price 50cts. each.

**FAMILY FAVORITE.** Prolific and sure. White, red cheek: free, fine

*For explanation of the starred (*) varieties see Price List.*
flavor. From Chinese Cling. Deservedly popular.

ALICE HAUPT. A Texas seedling of Chinese Cling. Large, creamy, white-fleshed. Prolific and sure.

AMELIA. Very large, white, nearly covered with crimson; highly flavored; one of the best. Ripens July 5 to 15.


GENERAL LEE. Similar to Chinese Cling—not so large, less inclined to rot. Best quality. Ripens 10th to 20th July.

ELBERTA. Very large, yellow, with red cheek. The best of its season. Free. Ripens middle of July. This variety has no superior and cannot be planted too extensively.

OLDMIXON FREE. Large, red cheek, white flesh, juicy and melting. Rich flavor, profuse and regular bearer. Ripens July 15.

CHAMPION. Very large, fine quality. Skin creamy white, with red cheek. Sweet, rich and juicy. Perfect freestone. Ripens in July.


STUMP THE WORLD. Large, white, red cheek, free, best for canning, ripens July 25th and continues three weeks.

VAN BUREN’S GOLDEN DWARF.* Tree very ornamental, bears good crops of large yellow cling peaches, beautifully shaded with red.

CHILLOW. Size and color of Elberta, cling, very productive, ripens August 10th. Sweetest and best. 50cts.

DAVIS. Origin Fannin county. Similar to Columbia, a better bearer, August 15th.

STELLA. Chinese cling seedling. Originated by Dr. Burton, of Grayson county, from whom I secured stock. A large, white, freestone, red cheek, good quality, productive, ripens August 20th. — Much like Shamp.

MATHEW’S BEAUTY. A seedling from Randolph county, Ga., is being largely planted as the most valuable successor to Elberta yet introduced. Its bearing and shipping qualities are fully equal to Elberta: it is a size larger, superior in quality, ripens about three weeks later. Perfect freestone, skin golden yellow, streaked with red, flesh yellow, firm, of excellent quality. 50cts each.

RAISIN CLING. Red Indian. medium, juicy, quality the very best, August 20th.

HEATH CLING. Well known, large, white, ripens last of August.

RINGGOLD CLING. Similar to Heath Cling, but much larger; ripens last of August.

PICQUETT’S LATE. Very large, yellow with red cheek, flesh yellow, rich and sweet, freestone. Ripens September 1st to 10th.

HENRIETTA. (Levy.) A magnificent yellow cling, largest size, reliable, ripens September 15th.

AUSTIN’S LATE. Medium, white, red cheek, flesh white, firm, cling, ripens October 1st.

CARUTH LATE.* Bright yellow skin and flesh, free, most prolific and sure, needs thinning, popular.

NIX LATE. Medium size, oblong, white. October.
SOME NEW PEACHES OF SPECIAL MERIT.

MAY LEE. Almost identical in size, quality and appearance with the famous General Lee peach, but ripens last of May. Think of it! 

HOBSON. An Oldmixon cling ripening in June. Everybody should have a few for home use, and is a good market peach.

ARP BEAUTY. This is the peach out of which fortunes will be made in Texas within the next few years. Ripens June 25th. There will be more trees of this variety sold in Texas for commercial planting in the next five years than any other peach. The famous Elberta will be left far behind. Arp Beauty ripens at a time when the peaches can be sold for $2.00 per crate. Why? Because it is of the size, color, quality and character of Elberta, and goes on the market nearly a month earlier. Last year one man bought and planted the whole stock of this variety. It has no rival, and the demand for trees cannot be half supplied. Prices 2 to 4 foot trees, $12 per hundred; $80 per thousand. Single trees 50cts each.

SAM DIXON. A new East Texas Peach, pronounced "good" in that land of good peaches. White, red cheek. Ripe last of June.

CHILOW. A pure yellow cling of the very best quality, ripening in August. Very sweet, firm but not tough. Very productive. Sometimes called Elberta cling, but is a little smaller than that famous peach.

PHILIP HORTON. A very large, fine yellow September peach. An enormously productive variety. Of East Texas origin. 50c. each.

Above list 4 to 6 foot trees 50c. each: $4 per ten: $20 per hundred.

CHERRIES.

We cannot recommend cherries as being very reliable in this country. We cultivate only a few varieties, which will probably give general satisfaction.

EARLY RICHMOND. Deep red, medium, early, reliable.

ENGLISH MORELLO. Large, nearly black, hardy, ripens in midsummer.

OLIVET No. 1. Medium to small, red, changing to very dark: very vigorous, productive.

BALDWIN. This is a new cherry, and gives promise of being the best all round cherry for Texas. Large, delicious. 75c. each.

PLUMS

Succeed on any land where peaches do well. Those of the Chickasaw type are generally considered best for our soil and climate, but some varieties of Japanese origin have recently been tested and proven to be adapted to our climate. We offer the following list, which will give general satisfaction:
RED JUNE.* J. Bright, red, juicy and good. One of the best, prolific. June 5th.

ABUNDANCE, J. Upright grower, large, round, greenish yellow skin, red cheek, very sweet and juicy. Best of all. June.

WILD GOOSE. The “old reliable.” large, rich crimson. Always plant other plums near this. Ripens June.

POTAWATAMIE. C. Rather large, oblong, pink, sweet and good. June 20th to July 10th.

BURBANK, J. The heaviest bearer among the Japs. Large, round. Dark red, very showy, tree very spreading. Everybody should plant a few.

HALE.* J. Very thrifty, upright grower, fruit very large, highly colored. Professor Bailey says: “The Hale is the best in quality of all the Japan plums.” Ripens about August 1st.

WICKSON, J. The largest of the Japs. Tree most upright. Color usually dark red, ripens July 20th to August 1st.

ROULETTE. Tree similar to Wild Goose. Fruit of the finest flavor, rather large, red with white specks. July.

WAYLAND. Similar to Golden Beauty, and ripens with it. Color red.

GOLDEN BEAUTY. Small to medium, yellow, round. Abundant and regular bearer. No home should be without it. Ripens August and September.

WEAVER. Upright grower. Medium to large, red, blooms late, sure bearer, ripens about with Golden Beauty.

NEW PLUMS AND THOSE OF SUPERIOR MERIT.

McCARTNEY, C. Large, pure yellow. Bears very young, immense crop. A surprise. Ripens May 29th. 50c. each.

CLIMAX. Introduced by Luther Burbank in 1899. He states that it is very large, measuring 6½ to 7½ inches around. A single plum perfumes a whole house. Productive as the Burbank, four or five times as large, two or three weeks earlier, and much better colored. The most wonderful plum ever grown. $1.00 each.

A MERICA. J. Yellow skin and flesh, nearly covered with bright red, very showy and productive, large size. Introduced by Luther Burbank in 1898; ripens July 1st to 10th. 50cts. each.

GONZALES. Very large, sweet and juicy; bright red; showy; tree very healthy and vigorous; bends to the ground with its load of fruit. You can make no mistake in planting these. 50c. each.

DORIS. Size and shape of Abund-
BONNER. Origin, Lamar county. Cross between Wild Goose and Abundance—two of the sweetest, juiciest of plums. Ripens first of August, when plums are very scarce. Pale red; very sweet and juicy; large. Try a few—you will not be disappointed. 50cts. each.

RED OCTOBER. The latest and best plum. No other to compete with it. Discovered near Henrietta, Texas. As large as an average Wild Goose plum. Ripens in October and will keep a month. It is a month or two later than any other good plum. Very meaty, good quality, and entirely free from rot or attacks of insects. You will make no mistake by planting Red October. Price $1.00 each.

APRICOTS.

EARLY GOLDEN. Medium size, pale orange, flesh yellow, delicious. Tree of strong growth. June 1st to 15th.

MOORPARK. One of the largest, orange, with a red cheek, firm, juicy, with a rich flavor. Very productive.

CLUSTER. Originated from Russian seed by Ramsey & Son, of Austin, Texas, who claim that, blooming late, it bears regularly and abundantly, never missing a crop. Fruit medium, clear yellow, with red cheek. 50cts. each.

FIGS.

In this latitude Figs are often winter-killed to the ground. Nevertheless we have varieties which spring up rapidly and bear the same season. Farther south and east they are hardy.

BROWN TURKEY. Small, dark, sweet, prolific.

MAGNOLIA. Medium, yellowish-brown, rich, abundant.

NUTS.

There is nothing that will pay better than well selected nuts (pecans for instance) planted in an orchard on good land. After coming into bearing they pay ever-increasing dividends, and the dividends are larger or smaller in proportion as the trees planted are the best sorts, or of some inferior kinds. They may be planted along fences, and in out of the way places. Give good cultivation for two or three years, and then the trees will take care of themselves.

BLACK WALNUTS Succeed well all over the south, and are valuable both for shade and nuts.

JAPAN WALNUTS. Immensely productive, bearing in long pendulous clusters. New. Very thin shell. Very attractive for shade as well as fruit.

PECANS. Grown from large selected, thin-shelled nuts. Very valuable.

Grafted or budded varieties are worth $1.50 each.
JAPAN PERSIMMONS.

This fruit is very delicious, bears very young, and is of the finest flavor. Every orchard should have a few. Fruit from the size of a hen egg to that of a very large tomato. I have several of the best varieties, all grafted. I do not offer seedlings.

GRAPES.

The grape will succeed upon most any soil—better on the sand. We cultivate principally the old reliable standard varieties that have been tried and tested, with a few newer varieties that have proven very successful—those originated by Prof. Munson.

CHAMPION. Among the very earliest; black; medium; vigorous; quality rather poor.

EARLY OHIO. Medium to large, black, sweet and good.

CATAWBA. Large, dark red, vigorous; valuable for table or wine. 15c. each.

MOORE’S EARLY. Very large, black, good market. Three weeks earlier than Concord. 15cts.

MOORE’S DIAMOND. Large, greenish white, juicy, good quality. The best very early variety, ripens with Moore’s Early. 25cts.

IVES SEEDLING. Bunch large, compact, berries medium, black, thick skin, pulpy, sweet, vigorous, sure, prolific. 10cts.

DELAWARE. Best for table, berries small, pink skin, bunches medium.

BRIGHTON. Large, red, fine table, market, wine, pistillate. 20cts.

NIAGARA. Large, white, very good, table. 25cts.

CONCORD. Large, black, sweet and good. The standard. 10cts.

SALEM. (Rogers No. 22.) Large, dark chestnut, compact cluster, sweet, rich aromatic flavor, productive, ripens with Concord. 20cts.

HERBEMONT. Vigorous, small or medium, bunches large, purple, finest quality, very prolific, good for arbor. 20cts.

MUNSON GRAPES.

I offer the following grapes originated by Prof. Munson, and which will furnish grapes from July 1st to October. I consider them his best introductions.

1. PRESLEY. Red, ripens July 1st. 25cts. each.

2. MANITO. Black, ripens July 10th. 50cts. each.

3. BRILLIANT. Red, ripens July 20th. 25cts. each.

4. ROMMEL. White, ripens August 1st. 25cts. each.

5. AMERICA. Black, ripens August 10th. 25cts. each.
6. CARMAN. Black, ripens August 10th. 25cts. each.

7. GOLD COIN. White, ripens August 20th. 25cts. each.

8. LAUSSELL. Red, ripens September 1st. 25cts. each.

9. MARGUERITE. Red, ripens September 1st. 25cts. each.

The above are generally much superior to the common sorts, and furnish fruit much later in the season. No mistake can be made by planting them. They are usually more hardy, and much less liable to diseases of all kinds.

__MULBERRIES.__

HICK'S EVERBEARING. A rapid grower, and immensely prolific; berries ripen for three months. 35cts. each.

TEA'S WEEPING. Russian origin. Graceful and hardy; umbrella-shaped head; long, slender branches drooping to the ground. The best weeping tree. Usually bears a poor quality of fruit. $1.00 each.

__BLACKBERRIES.__

Of all small fruits, the blackberry seems to succeed best, being practically adapted to our soil and climate. Many varieties are subject to rust. The following have proven nearly or quite free from that disease:

EARLY HARVEST. Very early, small or medium, immensely prolific, valuable.

DALLAS. Early, large, round, tender and juicy, reliable, prolific. The very best berry.

MISSOURI MAMMOTH. Late, large, tender, juicy. No core. The best all-round late berry.

KEATON. Ripens with Early Harvest, size and quality of Dallas, very productive. This is as good as any if not the very best berry for home and market in North Texas. Originated in Fannin County, Texas, and has come to the front, and come to stay. All who see this variety buy it. $4.00 per 100; $20.00 per 1,000.

__RASPBERRIES.__

We have selected the following list of this luscious fruit for propagation:

TURNER. Almost thornless. Vigorous, productive, fair size, luscious. Continues ripening several weeks. Red.
BLACK CAP.

KANSAS. Black, very large, one of the best black caps for North Texas, prolific, hardy and early. GREGG. The leading late black cap, berries large, firm and of fine flavor, requires rich soil.

DEWBERRIES.

RODGERS' EARLY. This berry is very popular as a shipper in South Texas. Very early. Of great value as a money maker. Vigorous and productive. I consider this the best among dewberries. $4.00 per 100.

AUSTIN-MAYES. Not so large as Lucretia, of much better quality,

STRAWBERRIES.

$1.00 per 100.

MICHEL, S. Very early; large, vigorous, market: perfect flower.

EXCELSIOR. Very early; larger and better than Michel. Better for market.

SENATOR DUNLAP. A very productive home and market variety.

FLOWERING SHRUBS.

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

CRAB MYRTLE. Of this we grow several varieties, blooming through summer and fall: white and pink: beautiful.

JAPAN SNOWBALL. New variety from Japan: upright, hardy: beautiful leaves and flowers: from the base of each leaf a pure white "snowball" of flowers appears.

JAPAN QUINCE. (Pyrus Japonica.) A good plant for an ornamental hedge: compact growth, brilliant red flowers: very attractive.

DOUBLE FLOWERED PEACH. Rapid grower, beautiful leaves: flowers red and white, and appear like small double roses: perfectly hardy.
DOUBLE ALTHEA. Vigorous growth; blooms in late summer when flowers are scarce; pink and white varieties; very desirable. Also purple.

LILAC. Most beautiful flowers; very fragrant; two varieties purple and white. White 35cts. each.

UPRIGHT HONEYSUCKLE. Hardy; delicate, pure white, wax-like flowers. Blooms early, before leaves appear—often in midwinter.

SPIREA. (Bridal Wreath.) Beautiful sprays and plumes of snow white flowers from February until April.

CLIMBERS.

HONEYSUCKLE. We cultivate several varieties; most beautiful climbers; flowers very fragrant, and continue in bloom all summer. Some varieties are practically evergreen.

WISTERIA. Purple and blue. Vigorous, rapid grower, with long pendulous clusters of very handsome flowers.

EVERGREENS.

ARBORVITAE.

GOLDEN. Small, compact, dwarf habit; very ornamental. Golden color.

COMPACTA. Medium grower, very compact; bright green. None prettier.

ROSEDALE HYBRID. The most beautiful variety; having pea green, compact foliage, and very erect form; perfectly hardy.

CITRUS TRIFOLIATA. (Hardy Orange.) A very striking ornamental, shrubby tree, giving in the spring a profusion of orange-like blossoms, followed in the fall with small oranges of a lemon-like acidity, not generally considered edible, yet very ornamental. The thick, glossy leaves drop here in winter, yet the bright yellow oranges make it very striking and attractive for the lawn. Very suitable for single specimens or hedges.

CEDRUS DEODARA. The great cedar of the Himalayan Mountains. Perfectly hardy. Attains a great height; pea-green; feathery; spreading branches.

MAGNOLIA GRANDIFLORA. Broad, glossy, dark green foliage; immense white flowers; very fragrant; leaves should be cut off in transplanting.

TREE BOX. A beautiful dark green, glossy-leaved evergreen shrub; easily transplanted; fine for specimens or borders.

CALIFORNIA PRIVET. Probably the most satisfactory hedge for general use. Rarely dies in transplanting.

"Texas trees are the best for the Southwestern planter."

SEE THIRD PAGE OF COVER FOR FINE COLLECTIONS.
SHADE TREES.

CATALPA. Rapid grower, very large, fan-like leaves: beautiful shade.

SILVER MAPLE. Smooth, stately tree, beautiful foliage.

BOX ELDER. Handsome, hardy, easily transplanted.

WHITE ELM. Broad-leaved, long-lived: the noblest trees of all.

ASH. Handsome, hardy: easily transplanted.

LOMBARDY POPLAR. Rapid grower, very upright.

MULBERRY. Several varieties, rapid growth, quick shade.

WALNUT. Rather slow grower, long-lived: fine for shade and nuts.

PECAN. Medium vigorous, long-lived: beautiful shade, fine nuts.

SYCAMORE. Symmetrical, lofty, long-lived, rapid. Succeeds well on waxy soil, as well as on others.

ENGLISH ELM. Very upright, vigorous, splendidly shaped tree. None better for lawns, walks or avenues.

CAROLINA POPLAR. Upright vigorous grower. Tall and stately.

ROSES.

No yard or flower garden should be without an assortment of these lovely flowers: they continue in bloom almost the entire season. To secure an abundance of roses, the soil must be very rich, and well cultivated.

AMERICAN BEAUTY. The queen of red roses: very large.

LA FRANCE. Very large, delicate pink, profuse, nothing better.

CATHERINE MERMET. Large, full, very sweet: bright flesh color, vigorous: fine buds.

KAISERIN AUGUSTA VICTORIA. Delicate, creamy white, very fragrant: elegant, large pointed buds; full double flowers, glossy foliage.

MARIE LAMBERT. Pure white, medium: blooms all summer.

WHITE MAMAN COCHET. Large vigorous, double, large buds, creamy white tinged with carmine.

PERLE DES JARDINS. Vigorous, large, fine yellow, good bloomer; beautiful buds.

ETOILE DE LYON. Very hardy, sure; foliage heavy and rich: pure yellow.

MAMAN COCHET. Extra large flowers, very double, exquisite in bud or half-blown: deep rosy pink.

SUNSET. Tawny shade of saffron and orange: very double and handsome: flowers and buds extra large, very fine blossom.

METEOR. A rich dark velvety crimson: very double and perfect: fine buds.

CRIMSON RAMBLER.* A vigorous climber and profuse bloomer: immense clusters of crimson flowers.

MARECHAL NIEL.* Deep sulphur-yellow, full, large, and exceedingly sweet. The most magnificent climbing Tea Rose for the South.


I have also Climbing Meteor,* Empress Eugenie and Mad. de Vatrey,(pink;) and a few other sorts.
**TERMS AND PRICES.**

Terms cash, payable at Bonham, Texas. Remit by bank draft, postal or express money order on Bonham. Bailing free, boxing at cost. Purchasers selections adhered to as far as possible.

Claims for shortage or errors for correction must be made promptly on receipt of goods.

Prices following new or scarce varieties throughout the body of the catalogue take precedence of the following regular prices, and must be adhered to.

Not less than 50 at hundred rates, and 500 at thousand rates.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FRUIT</th>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Price per Each</th>
<th>Price per 100</th>
<th>Price per 1,000</th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>APPLES</strong></td>
<td>Leading varieties 2 to 4 feet</td>
<td>$0.10</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>4 to 5 ft and special 2 to 4</td>
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<td>Extra large standard sorts</td>
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<td><strong>PEARS</strong></td>
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<td><strong>APRICOTS, QUINCES and FIGS</strong></td>
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<td><strong>WALNUTS</strong></td>
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<td>Black 6 to 8 ft</td>
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<td><strong>PECANS</strong></td>
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<td><strong>JAPAN PERSIMMONS</strong></td>
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<td><strong>GRAPES</strong></td>
<td>Concord and Ives</td>
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<td>Niagara, Moore's Diamond &amp; Delaware</td>
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<td>Munsons, Except Manito</td>
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<td>Manito</td>
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<td><strong>MULBERRIES</strong></td>
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<td>4 to 6 ft</td>
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<td>Item</td>
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<td>BLACKBERRIES. Leading varieties and Lucretia Dewberries</td>
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<td>RASPBERRIES. Leading varieties</td>
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<td>DEWBERRIES. Austin-Mayes</td>
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<td>STRAWBERRIES. Leading varieties</td>
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<td>.10</td>
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<td>FLOWERING SHRUBS. Assorted</td>
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<td>CLIMBERS. Honeysuckles assorted</td>
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<td>Wisteria</td>
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<td>ARBORVITAE. Golden and Compacta 12 to 18 inch</td>
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<td>“ “ “ 18 to 24 inch</td>
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<td>“ “ “ 24 to 30 inch</td>
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<td>Rosedale Hybrid, same price as other Arborvitae</td>
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<td>CITRUS TRIFOLIATA. (Hardy Orange)</td>
<td>.25</td>
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<td>15.00</td>
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<td>CEDRUS DEODARA. Per foot high</td>
<td>.50</td>
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<tr>
<td>MAGNOLIA GRANDIFLORA. (1 to 2 ft 40c.) 2 to 3 ft</td>
<td>.75</td>
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<td>TREE BOX. Per foot high</td>
<td>.25</td>
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<td>CALIFORNIA PRIVET. Per foot high</td>
<td>.10</td>
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<td>5.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>SHADE TREES. Maple, Am. Elm, Sycamore, Lom. Poplar 4 to 6 feet</td>
<td>.25</td>
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<tr>
<td>Catalpa, Box Elder, Ash &amp; above sorts 6 to 8 ft</td>
<td>.30</td>
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<tr>
<td>English Elm 5 to 6 ft., &amp; above sorts 8 to 10 ft...</td>
<td>.40</td>
<td>4.50</td>
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<tr>
<td>Umbrella China 3 to 4 ft</td>
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<td>“ “ 4 to 6 ft</td>
<td>.30</td>
<td>3.00</td>
<td>25.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Maples, larger sizes, prices on application</td>
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<tr>
<td>ROSES. Standard varieties, strong open ground</td>
<td>.40</td>
<td>4.00</td>
<td>25.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>American Beauty, R. E. Lee, Climbing Meteor and Mrs. Robert Peary</td>
<td>.50</td>
<td>5.00</td>
<td>35.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Marechal Neil, strong</td>
<td>.60</td>
<td>6.00</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**FOR THE SMALL SUM OF $3.00**

I will prepay all charges and send you the following list of very superior trees:

**2 Arp Beauty Peach, 2 San Jacinto Apple, and 2 Red October Plums.**

The best of the good--the finest of the fine.

This requires cash with order.
COLLECTIONS OF FRUITS FOR HOME USE.

No. 1. 12 apples and 12 peaches, ripening from June 1st to October, 6 successful plums in order of ripening, 6 pears, 12 grapes and 50 blackberries. These trees and plants are to be selected by me with reference to your soil and location, and the whole lot will cost you only $7.50, cash with order, and the stock will be first class. I pay the express.

No. 2. Two each of Red June, Coles quince, Summer Queen, San Jacinto, Mrs. Bryan, and York Imperial apples; two each of Sneed, Arp Beauty, Carman, Elberta, Chilow and Henrietta peaches; two each of Abundance, Burbank, Gonzales and Red October plums; two each of Moore’s Diamond, Carman, Delaware and Herbeumont grapes; and 25 Dallas and 25 Missouri Mammoth blackberries, the whole lot by express, charges prepaid, for $9.00 cash with order. All trees to be 4 to 5 feet high.

No. 3. Ornamental. My selection of 6 roses and 6 flowering shrubs all colors, 6 evergreens, and 2 climbers for $5.00 delivered, cash with order.

Above collections are guaranteed to give satisfaction.

GO TO THE NEXT MEETING OF THE TEXAS FARMERS' CONGRESS AT COLLEGE STATION.

HOW TO CARE FOR THE TREES WHEN RECEIVED.

When unpacking the bundle do not expose the roots of trees or plants to the sun or dry winds. See if all roots are damp. Watch everything. If you find anything wrong, report it promptly. Immediately upon removing the stock from the bundle bury the roots in damp earth, and give a liberal application of water. Do not put them in a compact bunch and leave them so even for one day. Cut the strings and spread the bunch so that earth and water can reach all roots. After burying the roots pack the dirt firmly with the foot. Remove the trees and plant in orchard as soon as possible. Don’t let the roots dry out. Moisture will save the trees.

SUBSCRIBE FOR TEXAS FARM AND RANCH, AND READ IT CAREFULLY. PRICE $1.00 PER YEAR. THE BEST FRUIT AND FARM PAPER IN THE SOUTH.
Bonham News Job Print, Bonham, Texas